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SHAWNIE ARCHULETA, CSR/CRR FEDERAL COURT REPORTER - 214.753.2747

(In open court at 2:11 p.m.) 1 2 THE COURT: Good afternoon. For the 3 record, this is Civil Action 3:11-CV-1817-B, White v. Regional Adjustment Bureau, Inc. We are here this afternoon for the 5 6 pretrial conference in this case. The case is 7 scheduled for trial tomorrow. 8 Let's begin this hearing by having both 9 sides introduce themselves, and I will start with 10 counsel for the Plaintiff. 11 MR. RADBIL: Noah Radbil for the 12 plaintiff, Your Honor, Timothy White. 13 THE COURT: Thank you. 14 MS. MALONE: Robbie Malone, Your Honor, 15 for the defendant. 16 THE COURT: Thank you. All right. 17 Counsel, go ahead and take a seat. 18 I guess my initial observation is some 19 concern over the number of disputes in what doesn't 20 seem to be a very large type case. And it seems 21 like this case has been marked by that for some 2.2 time; not casting blame on either side, but it is unusual, very unusual. 23 2.4 So with that, I've got numerous motions 25 that we need to resolve. Because there were so many

that they would present somehow expert testimony.

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that's why I brought it up. So anything --1 2 MS. MALONE: I would be happy to give you 3 a couple -- an explanation from my perspective, Your Honor. Clearly it's my perspective that, after the order was entered on Friday, I made ten calls to 5 6 Mr. Radbil, sent him ten e-mails, didn't get a response from him. He didn't call me back until 7 8 Sunday afternoon. So I tried to resolve the issues 9 with him. 10 For example, on the motion to quash, we actually did speak to him. Xerxes Martin from my 11 12 office called him. Mr. Radbil disagreed with us 13 about that. So we have tried to resolve things with him, but Mr. Radbil and I have just disagreed about 14 15 the law on some issues. And on the other issues, it's just simply 16 17 a matter of he thinks you can do certain things that 18 in my 27 years of practice I don't think you can do. 19 I don't think you can name witnesses five weeks 20 before trial and not draw an objection from the 21 other side, which is what has happened in this case. 2.2 Some of the motions that were filed, 23 Judge, frankly were because your order said to file 2.4 motions in limine, file objections to exhibits and 25 pretrial. They were probably longer than you were

used to because we had some legitimate objections 1 2 related to experts. 3 And in this particular case, he didn't 4 name just colleagues of Dr. White, he named treaters of Dr. White. Dr. White has a rheumatoid illness 5 6 called ankylosis spondylosis. He named him on his witness list. 7 8 Well, I have done a lot of medical cases 9 in my career, both as a medical malpractice defense 10 attorney and just doing some straight PI work on all 11 kinds of cases. And if you are going to put an 12 expert medical doctor on the stand and your 13 description of their testimony is you will offer 14 testimony --15 THE COURT: Slow down just a little bit. MS. MALONE: I wish I could say I had too 16 17 much coffee, Judge, but it's in the afternoon. 18 you were going to put a medical expert on the stand 19 and ask them about causation, that's expert 20 testimony, and I don't believe that's appropriate 21 in -- in a setting where you haven't named experts. 22 Mr. Radbil actually said to me that he 23 believes an expert -- a doctor can testify as to 2.4 facts, and that's not a requirement of expert 25 testimony. We just disagree on that, Judge.

issue, in play, as far as potential witnesses?

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MS. MALONE: It's my understanding 1 2 Mr. Radbil has not dropped his position on this. 3 THE COURT: Okay. Go ahead. 4 MS. MALONE: The case I brought to you, 5 Judge, is from the 5th Circuit, Fifth Circuit Court 6 of Appeals, and it specifically addresses the issue 7 that we have here. And I would ask the Court to 8 look on page 5 of 7 of the copy I gave you. 9 The Court talks in this section about what 10 you must do when you are subpoenaing a nonparty or a 11 person who is not an officer of a party under Rule 12 45. And with all due respect, Your Honor, the rule 13 and the Fifth Court of Appeals says it has to be in 14 person. 15 THE COURT: I know. I understand all of 16 that. Let me go ahead and tell you where I think we 17 are, at least on this, now that I am understanding 18 it's still fully at issue. 19 Normally, if you have witnesses who have 20 been identified in the course of litigation who are 21 employees for a company on one side or the other or 2.2 both, they have been sufficiently identified and 23 deposed during the course of litigation, that there's no issue about whether or not the 2.4 25 corporation is going to provide them either because

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they are going to call them themselves or because the other side -- and the other side can then use them or vice versa. So it's usually not a question. Given the, what appears to be acrimony from the papers in this case, it seemed to me this was perhaps another dispute along those lines. So with that in mind, I understand what the case authority is. Let me ask you this about these particular witnesses. I understand -- and I want to hear Mr. Radbil's position on this -- that these are employees, at best, but not parties and not such that they can speak for the corporation. MS. MALONE: Yes, ma'am. THE COURT: Okay. Have these people been deposed or identified as witnesses in the case? They were identified in our MS. MALONE: requests for disclosures in December of 2011. Routinely we identify every employee's name that may appear in the records. There was no request for their deposition from Mr. Radbil, so they were never deposed. listed them as possible only on our pretrial disclosures because we had to do that about a month out from trial, Your Honor.

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Occasionally, the corporate representative becomes sick or whatever, so we just listed them on the off-chance that he would not be available so we could have a fallback, which would be an employee whose name appeared in the account notes and who had some reference. The thing that you should know about this that's different than those other cases is that these individuals -- it has to do with debt collection, Judge. They don't remember these calls. They have no recollection of anything. The only thing they would do would be to read the account notes, which we both offered into evidence and which we have a corporate rep to come in and explain to the jury. THE COURT: Okay. Ms. Malone, I understand your position, and I understand what the law is. Now that I understand what happened, I want to hear from Mr. Radbil on this. MS. MALONE: Can I address the issue on fees, or are we coming back to that later? THE COURT: We will talk about that later. Mr. Radbil. MR. RADBIL: Thank you, Your Honor. the pretrial disclosures of the defendant, they

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identified the same five employees who may have
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    knowledge regarding the efforts in question to
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    collect a debt from the plaintiff.
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              One of the employees in particular, Karen
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    Nelson, is the one who allegedly threatened to strip
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    him of his degrees, his Ph.D., essentially his
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    family's livelihood. A mere statement that she
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    doesn't remember doesn't replace her testimony on
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    that issue.
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              THE COURT: Mr. Radbil, let me interrupt
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    you.
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              MR. RADBIL: Of course.
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              THE COURT: Because, be that all as it
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    may, the defense is correct. Again, I said, my
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    presumption, which has been the norm over many
    years, is that these issues are already hashed out
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    by the time you get to trial. And with
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    corporations, everyone agrees who is going to bring
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    employees from where. I assumed that was what the
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    situation was here, and it's not.
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              So the Court has no authority to order
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    these people to come here pursuant to Rule 45 or any
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    other rule under the circumstances as I understand
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           So even if they are key witnesses, it's too
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    little too late as far as I see.
                                       If you have some
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legal exception, you can tell me, but I am not aware
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    of any of authority that would allow the Court to do
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    what you are asking.
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              MR. RADBIL: I think the Court issued an
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    order in response to the plaintiff's objections
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    to --
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              THE COURT: Right, and I issued that order
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    because at the time I understood the situation was
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    likely as I described it, and it is not. The Court
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    was incorrect about that.
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              MR. RADBIL: Okay. That changes things
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    considerably of course.
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              THE COURT: Mr. Radbil, these are issues
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    that the Court should not have to educate you about
    at this stage of the proceedings.
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              MR. RADBIL: They don't. Your Honor
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    doesn't have to educate me. The order said for them
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    to agree to accept service or produce the witnesses,
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    and they agreed to accept service, so we served
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    those subpoenas in accordance with the order. So
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    that's why we didn't take any further action.
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              THE COURT: What action would you be
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    taking to get them here? What possible action could
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    you take?
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              MR. RADBIL: We could have shown a need
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    for their testimony.
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                           There's no legal authority to
              THE COURT:
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    get them here under these circumstances. So you
    can't say that you relied on the Court's order to
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    presume these witnesses would be here. That's just
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    not good enough, Mr. Radbil. These are people
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    who -- again, I don't have the authority to order
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    them here.
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              MR. RADBIL: Then would Your Honor -- can
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    we then stipulate that Dr. White's testimony cannot
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    be contradicted on the issue because nobody, quote,
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    remembers what happened except for Dr. White.
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              THE COURT: I'm not sure what you are
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    asking me.
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              Let me ask you this: Are you claiming
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    that these witnesses, that they weren't disclosed
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    properly in the course of discovery?
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              MR. RADBIL: No. I'm claiming that I was
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    confused about the Court's order and how it affected
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    our need to take any action. Here's my concern --
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              THE COURT: What action would you have
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    taken is my question?
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              MR. RADBIL: We would have shown the Court
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    the need to have that witness present and that that
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    witness was material. And I think the Court has
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discretion --1 2 THE COURT: Under what authority? 3 MR. RADBIL: Under Rule 45 I think. 4 THE COURT: Do you have any cases on that? 5 MR. RADBIL: No, Your Honor, I do not have cases with me. But the 5th Circuit case that 6 Ms. Malone handed you involved no tender of any 7 8 travel fees. Where, in this case, we served them 9 through accepted service and tendered travel fees 10 and appropriate witness fees. 11 But my main concern -- and I understand 12 the Court's position. My main concern is that 13 Dr. White will testify that Ms. Nelson made certain 14 threats and took certain actions. And I don't want 15 there to be a negative inference because Ms. Nelson 16 is not here to testify, so. . . 17 THE COURT: Why didn't you take her 18 deposition? Why didn't you depose her by a Rule 45 19 subpoena served upon her in the district where she 20 resides? 21 MR. RADBIL: Frankly, to save costs 2.2 because I thought the case would settle, and it 23 hasn't. 2.4 THE COURT: Mr. Radbil, there is nothing I 25 can do at this point. If you were to tell me that

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these were key witnesses that weren't disclosed on 1 2 time that you were surprised by and that perhaps a 3 continuance to take their depositions would change 4 things, but that's not what I'm hearing. I'm not 5 hearing that you have been surprised by these 6 witnesses or that they have pulled them out at the last minute as surprises. 7 8 And I mean, the only way to have their 9 testimony conceivably, as far as I can see, is 10 through a subpoena for a deposition. But we are way 11 too along in this 2011 case to do that, unless you 12 have some basis that the Court could even consider 13 that option. 14 MR. RADBIL: I don't on hand. May I request a leave of court this afternoon to research 15 16 the issue in depth? Otherwise, I respect the 17 Court's decision on that issue. I think we can work 18 through it and Dr. White's testimony would 19 suffice -- pardon me. 20 THE COURT: No. Go ahead. 21 MR. RADBIL: If there is clear authority 2.2 for what has been done and the order that has been 23 issued and because we have acted in accordance with 2.4 that order, I would like to submit any such 25 authority for the Court's consideration,

notwithstanding that I respect the Court's --1 THE COURT: Mr. Radbil, this is something 2 that should have been done by now. Regardless of 3 the Court's language in directing them to serve 5 subpoenas, it doesn't change anything because you 6 still wouldn't -- even if I gave you another month 7 on this case or longer, you still couldn't get these 8 people here for trial under Rule 45. You do 9 understand that. 10 MR. RADBIL: Yes. Well, I do now. My 11 understanding was that counsel accepted service. Τn 12 fact, I called counsel to confirm, are you going to 13 produce them, or are you accepting service on their 14 behalf? And counsel said, I am accepting service on 15 their behalf pursuant to the order. So we tendered 16 the fees and everything. 17 Again, I don't think that it's a make or 18 break issue in terms of this trial, and I'm willing 19 to work through for efficiency sake and let that 20 issue go. However, if there is some clear 21 authority, I just would request the opportunity this 2.2 afternoon for leave to submit that authority. If 23 Your Honor doesn't want to grant that leave, that's 2.4 okay, too. 25 THE COURT: The emergency motion to quash

was filed on the 20th. So at least you've been on 1 2 notice of that at least since the 20th --3 MR. RADBIL: But --4 THE COURT: -- as I mentioned. The Court 5 has no legal authority to order these people here 6 under Rule 45. There are numbers of cases that talk 7 about this issue. 8 As I mentioned, I assumed that this was 9 not a situation like that. I incorrectly assumed 10 that this was a situation where everyone agreed at 11 this late stage of the case as to who from the 12 corporation, employees or not, would be provided. Ι 13 was incorrect about that, but I agree with the 14 defense counsel. 15 And just to cite a couple of cases along those lines, the -- there's a Law Review article on 16 this. It's an older Law Review article, but it 17 18 talks about procuring trial testimony from corporate 19 officers and employees. It's a note about 20 suggestions for reform, but it talks about this very 21 issue and the Court's lack of authority under Rule 2.2 45, and specifically it takes up this issue in 23 depth. It's 25 Akron Law Review 571, Spring 1992. 2.4 It cites to several cases for the proposition that, 25 It is clear that a court cannot as they set forth:

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compel an individual who is beyond the Court's Rule
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    45 subpoena power to testify at trial as an
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    individual.
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               Again, it cites several cases along those
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    same lines: One out of the 5th Circuit many, many
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    years ago, Degelos, D-E-G-E-L-O-S, v. Fidelity and
    Casualty, 313 F.2d 809 at 814, 5th Circuit 1963.
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    And other cases where this has been addressed more
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    recently, out of the Southern District of New York,
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    Aristocrat Leisure, Limited, v. Deutsche,
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    D-E-U-T-S-C-H-E, Bank and Trust Company, 262 F.R.D.
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    293, Southern District of New York, 2009; another
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    case out of the Southern District of Ohio, Novovic,
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    N-O-V-O-V-I-C, v. Greyhound Lines, Inc, it's a 2012
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    Westlaw case. Westlaw number is 252124, and that
    opinion came out January the 26th of this year. And
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    it goes through and addresses the issue of the
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    Court's lack of authority under Rule 45 to compel
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    corporate employees who aren't directors, officers,
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    or managing agents to appear.
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               And finally, a case out of the Northern
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    District of Iowa, and that would be Ferrell,
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    F-E-R-R-E-L-L, v. IBP, and that is a Westlaw case,
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    as well, a 2000 Westlaw case, 34032907,
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    April 28th of 2000.
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MR. RADBIL: Thank you very much, Your
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    Honor. May I respond very briefly?
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              THE COURT: Go ahead.
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              MR. RADBIL: If there are more cases, I
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    would certainly like --
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              THE COURT: Go ahead, I'm listening.
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              MR. RADBIL: Then we would stipulate,
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    hopefully, that these witnesses are unavailable for
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    the purposes of the hearsay rule.
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              THE COURT: And what would you be asking
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    in that regard?
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              MR. RADBIL: That Dr. White would be
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    permitted to testify about conversations between
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    himself and Karen Nelson, in particular, who is one
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    of these unavailable employees.
              THE COURT: Okay. That seems more of a
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    trial objection than it does anything else. I'm not
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    sure if this is the time to rule on that, but let's
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    go ahead and hear what Ms. Malone has to say.
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    want to take a seat?
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              MR. RADBIL: Certainly.
              THE COURT: Thank you.
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              MS. MALONE: Your Honor, without actually
    hearing the testimony, I agree with the Court.
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    think that's more properly brought up at the time.
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I don't think that that's what unavailable means in 1 2 terms of the hearsay rule. 3 The records, themselves, are going to be 4 offered in as a business record exception, so 5 certainly that testimony will be there. I think he 6 is -- I'm not sure what question he's asking that he thinks he's going to get hearsay in. 7 There are some 8 hearsay exceptions that would allow him to get 9 certain testimony, but without having a context, I 10 don't know -- I'm sorry, Judge. 11 THE COURT: If I go like this, it just 12 means slow down, for all of us. Okay? 13 MS. MALONE: Without a context, I can't be 14 any more specific than that, except that they 15 clearly would fall, the account records would fall 16 under the business record exception, and that's 17 actually one of the exhibits we both agreed to. 18 THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Radbil, all I can 19 tell you right now is that I'm not going to rule on 20 that one way or the other. I think you ought to get 21 some research together to support your position that 2.2 those kinds of questions are proper and fall within 23 the limits of the Federal Rules of Evidence. So 2.4 that's all I can tell you right now on that. 25 MR. RADBIL: I will certainly be prepared

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for that. And I will just add that Dr. White's
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    deposition was taken, and his testimony shouldn't
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    deviate from, you know, his prior statement.
    the extent -- well, I will prepare that issue for
    trial, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: Were there objections to that
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    testimony about him talking about what people said
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    to him on the phone?
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              MR. RADBIL: I don't believe so, Your
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            I think those questions were asked by
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    defense counsel.
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              THE COURT: Okay. All right. Thank you.
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              So the emergency motion to quash the
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    depositions of the defendant's employees is granted
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    for the reasons I have stated, and that is document
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    99.
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              Okay. Let's move on, then, to the next
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    area and see where we are with regard to these -- to
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    the evidence and the testimony of this case. Give
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    me just a minute here.
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              Document 65 is this motion with regard to
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    plaintiff's unnamed experts; and then 75 is the
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    supplement to the motion to exclude unnamed experts.
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              Let me just turn directly to you,
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    Ms. Malone, and tell me if I'm clear where we are on
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these. Are these still in issue or not?
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              MS. MALONE: I don't believe so, Your
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            I think we actually worked that part out,
    which is that he has removed the treating healthcare
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    providers from his possible list. So I think that
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    resolves the problem for us.
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              THE COURT: Mr. Radbil, do you agree with
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    that?
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              MR. RADBIL: I agree that the problem has
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    been resolved. And I think to the extent that
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    anybody's testimony crosses the expert threshold,
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    objections at trial would be appropriate.
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    disagree with the fundamental basis of the objection
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    that, just because you possess a Ph.D., you can only
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    testify as an expert. I think certainly somebody
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    who possesses a Ph.D. in any type of case could
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    testify that the sky was blue or it was raining,
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    certain facts.
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              THE COURT: Ms. Malone, is that the basis
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    of your objection?
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              MS. MALONE: No, ma'am, his description of
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    their testimony was damages and causation. And I
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    believe under RMS v. Elston for his Texas case and
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    just straight up Daubert, Judge, if an expert, a
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    medical provider gets on the stand and offers
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testimony on causation, that's expert testimony.
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              THE COURT: Okay. Are we clear on this,
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    Mr. Radbil?
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              MR. RADBIL: We are. There is no intent
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    to offer causation testimony from a medical
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    standpoint, and we have withdrawn witnesses that
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    would testify on those grounds. The problem is
 8
    resolved.
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              THE COURT: So document 65 and 75, as well
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    as the response, which is document 90 -- and it
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    seems that there's another document, 96, by the
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    defendants all on the same issue, those are no
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    longer at issue in this case. Agreed, Mr. Radbil?
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              MR. RADBIL: I agree.
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              THE COURT: Ms. Malone?
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              MS. MALONE: Yes, ma'am.
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              THE COURT: Okay. I have next
    document 77, filed by plaintiff objecting to the
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    Regional Adjustment Bureau's first amended pretrial
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    disclosures.
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              Let me ask you, Mr. Radbil, is that still
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    at issue?
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              MR. RADBIL: The first part, Your Honor,
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    was about the five employees, which has been
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    resolved this afternoon.
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The second part relates to a request for 1 2 an in-camera inspection, specifically of the account 3 That's the only concern that I have, is that there are almost as many pages of the account notes that are redacted as those which are not in there, 5 entire pages. No privilege log was produced. the extent those five witnesses are not available, I 7 8 think the account notes take on a significant 9 import. 10 So all I request is that an in-camera 11 inspection of these several pages, that may be nine 12 or ten pages, just to make sure that nothing inappropriate has been redacted. 13 14 We have requested unredacted copies, and 15 we have been denied. But I think that it would be fair if the Court would oblige to just take a peek 17 at these few documents to see what was actually --18 THE COURT: Have you not had these 19 available to you during the discovery of this case? 20 Is this the first time you have seen this? 21 MR. RADBIL: I tried to ask about the 2.2 redactions during depositions, and there was 23 objections on privilege grounds, but there wasn't any substantive information provided. 24 25 THE COURT: So you have had these

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documents that you are objecting to, the redactions, during the pretrial phase of this case before just the disclosures. MR. RADBIL: I think -- yes, yes. THE COURT: And did you file a motion to compel or anything of that nature to try to require that the redactions be unredacted? MR. RADBIL: I don't believe we did, Your Honor. THE COURT: Okay. So this particular issue is -- is just now coming up, this issue of you trying to get what happened -- what was underlying the redactions. MR. RADBIL: I think we had a hearing -there was two depositions. One was because -- the second deposition was ordered by the Court because parts of the contract under which the collection efforts were performed wasn't produced. And because it wasn't produced, I couldn't ask questions regarding that. And I think I objected -- I can't remember whether or not I did -- to the redactions in the account notes during that hearing, as well. But to be fair, I don't think it's much of a burden on any party or the Court to just take a look and see what was redacted. If everything is

redacted --1 2 THE COURT: Mr. Radbil, let me just say 3 that there's got to be a legal mechanism for what you are asking the Court to do. In-camera 5 inspections are not something that we do regularly 6 here or summarily. So regardless of the burden, 7 it's just not something that the Court is just going 8 to do because someone asks. There's got to be some legal authority or mechanism to, first of all, lodge 9 10 this objection at this phase and then for the Court 11 to conduct an in-camera inspection. 12 What I am understanding you to say is that 13 you have had these redacted documents for some 14 time -- that's what I'm understanding -- and did not 15 file a motion to compel to bring the issue to the 16 Court's attention during the pretrial phase. That's 17 what I'm hearing you say. Am I correct about that? 18 MR. RADBIL: Yes, although I'm not 19 100 percent sure whether our motion to compel 20 included the redactions to the account notes. 21 the reason that I think it becomes more important 2.2 now is because these five employees are not going to 23 be here. So if there's anything concerning these 2.4 five employees, those redacted portions, I think 25 that it would be fair to just make sure that's

disclosed. Or if there's not, then, we're certainly 1 2 ready to proceed on the account notes as they are. 3 THE COURT: Again, I think you've got to 4 advise the Court of the legal basis for requesting this redaction. So far I haven't heard one. 5 6 think if you had objected or brought this to the 7 attention -- brought this to the attention of the 8 Court or the magistrate judge through an order of reference and then it was compelled and you still 9 10 ended up with redacted documents on the pretrial 11 disclosures, then you probably have a reason under 12 Rule 37 to request the Court's intervention, but I 13 haven't heard that. 14 So let me hear from Ms. Malone on this and see if we can't resolve this and move on to the next 15 16 motion. Thank you. 17 Ms. Malone. MS. MALONE: Sure. Your Honor, the 18 19 redactions in this particular set start at the point 20 that my client received his law firm's demand letter 21 to RAB, putting them on notice of there being a 2.2 lawsuit. At that point, everything after that is 23 anticipation of litigation. 2.4 In this case, Your Honor, to be honest 25 with you, there are no notes of any of substance.

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What occurred is, because this was a Texas Guaranteed Student Loan debt, they continued to process interest. So really, everything after this page frankly is all interest. I told Mr. Radbil that. I also raised the objection in both our answers to discovery and in the deposition that, at the point that they were on notice of the lawsuit, that's anticipation of litigation, and we redacted everything after that. The truth is, in this case -- sometimes there will be notes about a lawsuit that occurred. In this case, there weren't any. It's just that the interest on the student loans continued to accrue. But since we always take that position, we try to be consistent across for those clients so they don't waive it in another suit, and that's really it. THE COURT: And the exhibit is for what purpose? MS. MALONE: It's the account notes, Your Honor, where the collectors would make entries of attempts to reach Mr. White; their notes that were made simultaneously at the time that they have communications with him; and it is an interface with the Texas Guaranteed Student Loan Corporation. So

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the student loan people would send in, through some
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    electronic interface, any change to the interest
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    amount that's due, and it's just an ongoing thing.
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    Student loans are different.
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              THE COURT: These are your client's
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    documents and your exhibits. Are you planning to
    make any issue of the redaction?
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              MS. MALONE: No, ma'am.
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              THE COURT: Mr. Radbil, anything else on
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    this point? And let's make sure we are clear on
11
    which exhibit that is.
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              MR. RADBIL: It would be Plaintiff's 6.
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              MS. MALONE: And Defendant's 1, Your
14
    Honor. It's the same exhibit.
15
              THE COURT: Mr. Radbil, anything else on
16
    this?
17
              MR. RADBIL: Briefly, Your Honor.
18
              THE COURT: Okay.
19
              MR. RADBIL: So these documents were
20
    originally produced by the defendant, Regional
21
    Adjustment Bureau, as Bates label 001 to 041.
2.2
    there are -- from page 28 through 41, everything is
23
    redacted. So to the extent that it just has to do
2.4
    with interest, I don't think that that's privileged
25
    matter.
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And my other concern is that RAB 0215 is
 1
 2
    also a one-page version of the account notes that
 3
    contains slightly different information.
 4
               THE COURT: Okay. Why -- the redactions,
 5
    are you seeking those because you want to use them
 6
    as an exhibit?
               MR. RADBIL: I want the complete document.
 7
 8
               THE COURT: This is clearly a matter that
 9
    should have been addressed by you pretrial by a
10
    motion to compel. I haven't heard anything where,
11
    on this particular point, the defense has violated
12
    the Rules of Civil Procedure, the discovery
13
    obligations and --
14
              MR. RADBIL: No privilege --
15
               THE COURT: -- so I haven't heard that.
16
    And pretrial is usually not the time where those
17
    things are raised unless something, in fact,
18
    violative of those discovery disclosure provisions
19
    has shown up as an exhibit for trial, but I don't
20
    see that here. So I'm going to overrule your
21
    objection on that point.
2.2
              Go ahead. I will let you make one more
23
    statement on it, and then we will move on to the
2.4
    next one.
25
              MR. RADBIL:
                            I respect the Court's ruling,
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of course. My only other statement would be that I
 1
    don't believe a privilege log was produced.
 2
 3
    the absence of the five witnesses, again, I think
    there's more importance placed on the account notes,
 5
    because Kara Nelson and the others, whose actions
 6
    are documented here, and the parts not redacted,
    will not be able to testify as to whether
 7
 8
    conversations occurred during the periods of
 9
    redacted time.
10
               THE COURT: These are all issues that
11
    should have been resolved during the pretrial
12
    discovery process or long before today.
13
    five-witness issue, as I mentioned, that's occurring
14
    because you didn't -- again, the Court has no
15
    authority to do that, and you haven't provided me
    any authority to allow you to get those witnesses.
16
17
    So I think it's counsel's own actions that are --
18
    and the law that are precluding those five witnesses
19
    from coming.
20
               So, again, there was no motion to compel.
21
    You are talking now about a discovery privilege log,
2.2
    and these are all issues that should have been
23
    raised before. So the objection that is contained
    in document 77 is overruled.
2.4
```

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Let's move, then, to -- this will be

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document 76. And these are objections by the defendants to the plaintiff's first supplemental Rule 26(a) disclosures. Ms. Malone, why don't you come up and tell me where we are in this particular objection. MS. MALONE: Yes, ma'am. Your Honor, some of it has been resolved, because he's narrowed it down to just the two witnesses. In the case of both Ms. Cureton and Mr. Wilson, those individuals were never identified to us during the discovery process. We heard about them for the first time on January 18th of this year. We obviously had already deposed Mr. White. The discovery cutoff was September of last year. So these two individuals are named for the very first time. 17 In his response, Mr. Radbil says that, because in an interrogatory Mr. White indicated that he had worked at Texas A&M, that should have put us on notice that potential employees of Texas A&M-Commerce would be witnesses. 2.2 Frankly, Judge, that makes no sense to me. I don't think that he really wanted us to call up 2.4 this man's former employer and ask if anybody thought they might be coming as a witness.

```
that's our response to Ms. Cureton. We never knew
 1
 2
    of her existence. We did not know -- she was never
 3
    identified by name in any discovery.
 4
              Mr. Wilson was also never identified by
 5
    name until January the 18th, and that is more than
 6
    four months past the discovery cutoff.
 7
              We also have objections to some of their
 8
    exhibits that were produced after the discovery
9
    cutoff. Do you want me to stop?
10
              THE COURT: Let's talk about the witnesses
11
    first. We are talking about a Ms. Cureton and a
12
    Mr. Wilson, is that right?
13
              MS. MALONE: Yes, ma'am.
14
              THE COURT: Let's go ahead and let me hear
15
    from Mr. Radbil on those witnesses, and then we will
16
    talk about exhibits.
              MR. RADBIL: Ms. Cureton and Mr. Wilson
17
18
    were disclosed under Rule 23 -- 26(a)(3) with all
19
    pretrial disclosures on March 7th or 11th, but --
20
              THE COURT: March 7th or 11th of?
21
              MR. RADBIL: I'm sorry, they were not
2.2
    disclosed in formal responses to written discovery
23
    requests, but they were timely disclosed as
2.4
    witnesses in the pretrial disclosures.
25
              THE COURT: Which was filed when?
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MR. RADBIL: In January of this year, I 1 2 believe. 3 THE COURT: So how do you respond to Ms. Malone's position that they are surprised by 5 this and they haven't been previously disclosed such 6 that they could order -- move for a deposition? 7 MR. RADBIL: Well, Ms. Malone did depose 8 Dr. White. And Dr. White did say in his deposition 9 that he had talked to friends of his about, I 10 believe, the actual damages in the debt collection 11 activities and the problems that he had suffered as 12 a result. And she inquired into the medical 13 providers and physicians at length, but she never 14 got back to the friends or asking Dr. White to 15 identify them. 16 We weren't planning on springing these 17 out. Only in preparing with my client for pretrial 18 did I discover them myself. So as soon as we did, 19 we disclosed them. They are listed as possible 20 witnesses and would probably be used as rebuttal 21 witnesses. 22 Again, they are not -- they are not key, 23 and the case certainly doesn't hang on their 2.4 testimony. But because they are going to testify 25 about one very narrow thing, which is, you know,

what type of shape he was in, basically. And they 1 2 are not going to testify about what caused that, 3 they are just going to corroborate his testimony as to, you know, his condition. 5 THE COURT: Ms. Cureton, identify her. 6 What is her occupation? What is her --7 MR. RADBIL: She was a student of 8 Dr. White's when he was teaching while earning his 9 Ph.D. And she witnessed -- and I believe asked --10 on several occasions what was wrong with him, what 11 was bothering him and noticed the condition he was 12 in. 13 I don't believe that Dr. White ever 14 explained to her the cause, and that's not why we identified her as a witness. 15 16 THE COURT: And then Mr. Wilson, what's 17 his --18 MR. RADBIL: He's a next-door neighbor. 19 And Dr. White was having a panic attack in his car 20 one evening, and it was apparently so loud that his 21 neighbor came out to check if he was okay and asked 2.2 Dr. White, you know, what was going on. 23 THE COURT: Okay. And you agree that 2.4 these weren't disclosed until the pretrial 25 disclosures in January of 2013.

MR. RADBIL: I do, Your Honor. 1 2 THE COURT: Let me hear back from 3 Ms. Malone on this. Thank you. 4 MS. MALONE: Your Honor, I think Rule 37 5 is pretty clear. In this case that you haven't 6 identified somebody during discovery, you have an 7 affirmative duty to go out and put those names if 8 you intend to use them at trial. He could have 9 supplemented them any time before September 24th of 10 2012, which was the discovery cutoff, and he did 1 1 not. I do think this is a surprise and an issue. 12 I asked him what Mr. Wilson's job was, 13 because if he has a degree of some kind, like, I 14 don't know, a psychologist, then his description of 15 a panic attack may have more weight than if he's a 16 an accountant, for example. And Mr. Radbil told me 17 he didn't know the answer, which I believe. 18 But Ms. Cureton actually is a graduate 19 assistant in applied psychology. And I can imagine 20 describing that she saw him in the course of a 21 psychology setting would give the jury the 2.2 impression that she had some basis of knowledge to 23 describe events that would give it more weight, more 2.4 than is perhaps appropriate. 25 I would have deposed any experts that I

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thought he was really going to bring to trial if he had named them in June or if he had named them at any point and I thought they fit in that category. I didn't know about them until January of this year, Your Honor, and I do think that's a problem. THE COURT: Let's just talk about for a minute their ability to testify, just about their lay observations of his physical condition. have talked about experts. Talk about that. MS. MALONE: Well, Your Honor, this is the thing: He says that Mr. Wilson is going to testify that Mr. White was in a panic attack. In the DSM, which is the diagnostic manual, they describe panic attacks in a very specific way and talk about certain symptoms. I don't know how you get around the hearsay. Because for someone to understand what a panic attack is, the person has to say something to them to be able to articulate what the fear is or what's going on inside of them to describe the panic. I don't know how you get around the hearsay rule on that issue. And I think his testimony, what he said Ms. Cureton was going to testify to, was that she asked Dr. White what was going on and kept questioning him about what his condition was.

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That's all hearsay, Judge. I mean, I don't see how
 1
 2
    he gets that in.
 3
               If they were to testify, oh, I saw him and
 4
    he was crying, okay, but what's the relevance?
 5
               THE COURT: Okay. But my question is --
 6
    it's really a lot more basic than your answer.
 7
              MS. MALONE: Oh, sorry.
 8
               THE COURT: It's just, as I am
 9
    understanding, you are surprised on the basis of
10
    this potential expert testimony as well as if they
1 1
    were simply qualified as fact witnesses; is that
12
    correct?
13
              MS. MALONE: A little bit, yeah, Judge.
14
    Because of Ms. Cureton's background in psychology
    and because I don't know who Mr. Wilson is -- and
15
16
    when I Googled that name, it came up with some
17
    degreed folks that have the background that could
18
    give some weight to that. So in this case that is
19
    true.
20
               THE COURT: If I direct that they make
21
    themselves available for you to interview them or
22
    even depose them before they testify, what is your
23
    position on that?
2.4
               The reason I ask is, when the Court is
25
    confronted at pretrial with an issue of an
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undisclosed witness or exhibit, there is a balancing 1 2 that what we look at as to, why wasn't it disclosed; 3 what is the effect on each side, generally; can the 4 prejudice, if there is prejudice, be cured by a 5 continuance or some interviews. I'm not saying how 6 you should answer these questions, but I think the 7 record should be clear on your answers to those 8 questions. 9 MS. MALONE: Your Honor, at this point in 10 the game, where I would have no real ability to do a 1 1 real background check on them, just giving me the 12 opportunity to interview them is probably not going 13 to be enough. I also would have a concern that I 14 15 wouldn't be able to check into Ms. Cureton's psychology degree and what's going on in that 16 17 situation. And there are some rules about 18 psychologists not being able to have a dual 19 relationship that I would explore if I thought she 20 was getting into an area of rendering an opinion. 21 If the Court wants me to do an interview, 2.2 the truth of the matter is, I don't think it will 23 give me enough at this late stage. 2.4 THE COURT: I think that answers my 25 question. Let me see if Mr. Radbil has anything on

these witnesses, and then we will talk about the 1 2 exhibits. 3 MR. RADBIL: The reason they weren't 4 disclosed is because, as I was preparing my client 5 for pretrial -- and I was somewhat surprised that 6 there were additional people, also. I asked the 7 client many questions and reviewed the entire case 8 file. 9 Without getting into the subject matter of 10 our discussions, these witnesses came out and we 11 disclosed them as soon as possible. 12 THE COURT: I'm sorry. I couldn't hear 13 the last thing you said. 14 MR. RADBIL: These witnesses came to 15 light, and we disclosed them quickly. There was a month or so that the defense counsel could have 16 17 moved to depose them or request additional 18 information. We provided phone numbers, home 19 addresses and such. 20 But again, I don't think the case is going 21 to turn on them. So if it's going to be a choice 2.2 between a continuance versus excluding them, I think 23 Dr. White can testify certainly about whether or not 2.4 his neighbor saw him in his car at one point doing 25 something or other. I don't think -- I think the

testimony is going to be very simple, but not expert.

2.2

2.4

2.5

THE COURT: Okay. I think that as far as your case in chief that the defense has properly supported the basis under Rule 37 and our federal discovery provisions for excluding them as witnesses. Because they, from what I can see, a student and a neighbor, are clearly people who the plaintiff knew about. This isn't someone he just discovered. These are people that he has obviously known about for some time. And when I balance all of the factors, it seems that, looking at the case, their importance to the case, that they should be excluded because they weren't disclosed in compliance with the rules.

To the extent something opens up their potential testimony as rebuttal witnesses, that's always still a possibility. But I wouldn't want you to take this ruling as some indication that I am going to agree that what Dr. White potentially is going to testify about with regard to them is admissible. But I do think that the defense has supported their motion to exclude them because they weren't disclosed in compliance with the Rule, and a continuance or an interview of them isn't going to

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1
    cure that.
 2
              MR. RADBIL: And we expected, I think,
 3
    that type of ruling so. . .
 4
              THE COURT: Okay. Let's talk about the
 5
    exhibits. And I will go back to Ms. Malone about
 6
    the exhibits that you had some concerns about, and
 7
    those are identified in document 76?
 8
              MS. MALONE: Yes, ma'am, beginning on page
9
    10 --
10
              THE COURT: Okay.
11
              MS. MALONE: -- are my objections. The
12
    first five exhibits offered by Mr. Radbil, I can
13
    lump together.
              Mr. Radbil is attempting to offer the
14
15
    actual, physical depositions and the errata sheets
    of the parties. And Your Honor, I don't think
16
17
    that's proper to put the deposition testimony itself
18
    to go back to the jury. Can you use it as a
19
    demonstrative tool? Perhaps. I mean, obviously
20
    there may be an objection. Our objection is that
    the actual depositions, themselves, would not be
21
2.2
    admissible to the jury.
23
              THE COURT: And that's Plaintiff's
2.4
    Exhibits 1 --
25
              MS. MALONE: 1 through 5.
```

1 THE COURT: Mr. Radbil? 2 MR. RADBIL: Yes. Your Honor, Exhibit 1 3 is Dr. White's deposition; Exhibit 2 is RAB's deposition by and through designated representative 5 Robert F. Wyatt; and then there is an errata page, 6 which is Exhibit 3, with no changes; and then there 7 is a second deposition that was compelled by the 8 order of the magistrate of Robert F. Wyatt, which 9 took place on September 6, 2012; and Number 5 is the 10 corresponding errata page. 11 Those will be used for impeachment 12 purposes. It is my understanding that we are 13 required to list deposition testimony and 14 depositions as exhibits. If the witness is 15 impeached with a portion, we may attempt to offer that portion as an exhibit, but . . 16 17 THE COURT: Let me clarify this: All the 18 documents that have been described, 1 through 5, are 19 hearsay. So they aren't in and of themselves 20 admissible because they are excluded as statements 21 offered for the truth, out of court statements, so 2.2 you are starting off with that idea. 23 Then the question would be, when are 2.4 depositions admissible and when are they required to 25 be disclosed? Well, the Court requires deposition

excerpts -- and it's excerpts because nobody wants 1 2 to have the whole deposition addressed in court --3 those important parts. But those are normally 4 offered by question and answer. If they are offered 5 for substantive proof in your case in chief, an 6 attorney and another attorney might go back and forth with relevant questions. 7 8 Otherwise, for impeachment, they will 9 never be admitted as a separate document. If you 10 ask a witness a question and you can thereafter 11 impeach them because of an inconsistent statement in 12 a deposition, then, once you have impeached them, 13 you don't go any further. 14 If they disagree with what's in the 15 deposition testimony, then there is a question as to 16 what substantive proof can come in. But I am not 17 aware of anything that would allow the paper 18 document to constitute that substantive proof. 19 So if you have deposition excerpts 20 identified as exhibits, then they can be admitted on 21 a question/answer basis, assuming they are relevant 2.2 to your case, but the paper documents are not admissible at all. 23 2.4 So where does that leave you with regard 25 to these depositions?

```
MR. RADBIL: Using them for impeachment
 1
 2
    purposes.
 3
               THE COURT: So you don't plan to use them
 4
    by question/answer, another attorney as substantive
 5
    proof?
 6
              MR. RADBIL: No, because defense counsel
 7
    has said that Mr. Wyatt is here, and he was the one
 8
    that was deposed as the corporate representative of
 9
    the defendant. So his testimony in the deposition
10
    would be used solely for impeachment.
11
               THE COURT: I guess I left out the part
12
    that you still can't use it if they are available.
13
    If you want to use them for impeachment, then they
14
    can't be offered as regular exhibits. I think we
15
    are all clear on that.
16
               So on that particular portion of their
17
    motion, the defendant's motion is granted,
18
    essentially it seems to be almost by agreement, but
19
    should be clear.
20
               Okay. Ms. Malone, did you have some other
21
    exhibits that you were objecting to?
2.2
              MS. MALONE: Yes, ma'am.
23
              THE COURT: Come on up.
2.4
              MS. MALONE: Your Honor, we actually agree
25
    to 6 and 7.
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1
              THE COURT: Okay.
 2
              MS. MALONE: So that gets us to
 3
    Exhibit Number 8.
 4
              THE COURT: One moment. Let's make sure
    I'm clear -- what pages are 6 and 7 on?
 5
 6
              MS. MALONE: I didn't put an objection in
 7
    it because we didn't object to it. We only listed
 8
    the ones we objected to. I'm sorry.
 9
              THE COURT: So you objected to Plaintiff's
10
    1 through 5, and we have ruled on that. But what is
1 1
    left? You said there were some you agreed to.
12
    Where are they in the objections?
13
              MS. MALONE: I see what you are saying.
14
    The next one we have an objection to is Number 8.
15
              THE COURT: Okay.
16
              MS. MALONE: And that is on the bottom of
17
    page 10, Your Honor.
18
              THE COURT: Okay.
19
              MS. MALONE: The problem with Number 8 is
20
    that Mr. Radbil, during the course of discovery,
21
    produced a CD to us that -- that has some recordings
2.2
    from a voicemail system. And before each of these
23
    grouped recordings, there is a person who I don't
2.4
    know who it is, it's not Mr. White, a female giving
25
    a description and offering her comment on the
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recordings. And I think that's pure hearsay, Your 1 2 Honor. 3 The recordings, themselves, may be 4 admissible, probably are admissible, but not the 5 form that he's provided to us with Exhibit 8, which 6 includes these comments by some unknown person. 7 THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Radbil. 8 MR. RADBIL: I think those objections were 9 addressed in the motion -- in the order on 10 dispositive motions, and I think the objections were 11 overruled on the grounds that the documents were 12 ad- -- the recordings were adequately authenticated by Dr. White's affidavit, which is on file and which 13 14 is also one of plaintiff's exhibits. 15 The authenticating declaration is Exhibit 9. It is dated December 13, 2012. And I 16 17 think the remaining objections to plaintiff's 18 exhibits pertaining to similar exhibits, which in 19 the dispositive context the Court has already ruled 20 were authenticated. 21 THE COURT: I can tell you that I don't 2.2 recollect specifically passing upon this 23 introductory-type comment by some individual outside 2.4 of the case, so I would have to look at it. 25 I would be surprised if I would have

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considered that and allowed it in, but it's not
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 2
    admissible. The Court isn't bound, even if I did
 3
    rule it admissible at summary judgment, to also
 4
    allow these things in for trial. So how otherwise
 5
    would they be admissible if you are talking about,
 6
    say, prefatory comments before the recording
 7
    started?
 8
              MR. RADBIL: We can edit the prefatory
 9
    comments and have Dr. White authenticate the same
10
    thing. I believe that the prefatory comments state
11
    voicemail messages received such and such date.
12
    I would have to go back and look at exactly what
13
    they say.
14
              THE COURT: Okay.
15
              MR. RADBIL: I don't think it's .
16
              THE COURT: Let me reserve ruling on 22,
    and let's move on to the next one. And then we will
17
18
    go back to that, and that will be Exhibit 9, the
19
    declaration.
              MS. MALONE: Hearsay, Your Honor.
20
21
    Mr. White's declaration that's being offered, and I
2.2
    believe that's a violation of the hearsay rule.
23
              THE COURT: Mr. Radbil.
2.4
              MR. RADBIL: I think the Court has
25
    overruled the same objection in the dispositive
```

context to this exact declaration on the grounds 1 2 that --3 THE COURT: Okay. He can submit a 4 declaration in support of his motion for summary 5 judgment or response to a motion for summary 6 judgment, but an actual physical declaration at trial is hearsay. It's an out-of-court statement. 7 8 Obviously, we don't have Mr. White come in 9 and talk to me during summary judgment. It's an 10 out-of-court statement. I'm not aware of any 11 exception. And when a person tries to offer their 12 own statement, it's, again, hearsay and typically 13 considered self-serving, so it's not admissible at 14 trial. 15 MR. RADBIL: The reason it was included is 16 to authenticate the recording, which of course he 17 can testify live does authenticate it that way. 18 THE COURT: I would sustain the objection 19 to Plaintiff's Exhibit Number 9 by the defendants. 20 The declaration, itself, is hearsay, and the Court 21 did not predict or in any way ensure that something 2.2 like this would be admissible at trial. It couldn't 23 be, and it isn't. So let's move on, then, to 2.4 Exhibit 10 that the defense is objecting to. 25 MR. RADBIL: May I clarify one point?

THE COURT: Yes. 1 2 MR. RADBIL: The ruling does not prohibit 3 Dr. White from testifying to matters also contained in this declaration, it's just the declaration itself. 5 THE COURT: I don't know what's in the 6 7 declaration, I don't recall. But I'm assuming if 8 it's not hearsay and it's firsthand knowledge then he will have a full range of ability to testify. 9 10 MR. RADBIL: Thank you. THE COURT: Okay. 11 12 MS. MALONE: Your Honor, Exhibit Number 10 13 is a Web page, an Internet Web page that the 14 plaintiff has produced that's dated October the 12th 15 of 2012, which is some year-and-a-half post any relevant time period here. 16 17 It was not produced to us in discovery, 18 and we asked specific questions asking them for 19 requests for production, asking them to give us 20 documents that would support their allegations 21 related to this. 2.2 We saw it for the first time. I think he 23 did attach it to the summary judgment. I don't 2.4 think that changes our position on it. It is a 25 year-and-a-half past the time period, and it's not

relevant, and I think it is hearsay in this setting. 1 2 THE COURT: Okay. Rather than have you all up and down up and down, if you just speak up, 3 as long as Ms. Archuleta can hear you, I will let you do it from the tables. If she can't hear you, 5 6 you will have to go back to the lectern. 7 Mr. Radbil, if you will pull the 8 microphone over and give me your response to that. 9 MR. RADBIL: Our response, Your Honor, is 10 that Exhibit 10 is a page from original Regional 1 1 Adjustment Bureau's own website. And it was 12 submitted to the Court and served on defense counsel 13 on September 10th, 2012, and it is their own 14 document. It's their own marketing materials on the 15 website. The Court ruled again in the 16 17 dispositive -- in the order on dispositive motions 18 that this was a self-authenticating document. 19 it's frankly a key document that admits that the 20 defendant uses a, quote, predictive dialer to 21 contact thousands -- to dial thousands of numbers 2.2 each day. And it dovetails with a previous letter, 23 which was also objected to, and that objection was 2.4 also overruled by this Court from the defendant to 25 the Federal Communications Commission in 2006, which

was in support of the American Collectors 1 2 Association petitioning the FCC to exempt debt 3 collection calls from the telephone consumer 4 protection act; in other words, rule that if you are 5 collecting a debt, the TCPA does not apply. 6 So this document, although it's dated --7 the website -- this shows the website was after, 8 dovetails with the admissions and the statements against self-interest in the letter to the FCC in --9 10 in April 2006. Some of these documents are official 11 12 documents which bear seals of United States Offices. 13 And this document is, again, their own advertising. 14 And I deposed Mr. Wyatt and confirmed through 15 deposition testimony the correct address of his 16 website, which matches this. And we detailed all of 17 these things in the response to the objections to 18 our motion for summary judgment evidence, and the 19 Court ruled that there's plenty of indications of 20 authenticity. And again, it's -- there's no dispute 21 that they are authentic --2.2 THE COURT: Okay. I've heard enough from 23 you. I want to go ahead and reserve ruling on that one, as well. And it looks like this Exhibit 11 is 24 25 what you've just referred to as a letter to the FCC

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authored by a vice president of the Regional
 1
 2
    Adjustment Bureau. Is that what you were just
    referring to?
 3
 4
              MR. RADBIL: Yes, Your Honor.
 5
               THE COURT: Okay. And how were you
 6
    planning on authenticating that?
 7
              MR. RADBIL: I believe that it's a
 8
    self-authenticating document. It's stamped by the
 9
    FCC. If also bears the signature of Robert Pugh.
10
    And in the -- and the letterhead of RAB,
11
    Incorporated.
12
              So I believe that it's self-authenticating
13
    and, again, in our motion for summary judgment
14
    briefing --
15
               THE COURT: The summary judgment
16
    rulings -- unless you can show me some authority to
17
    the contrary, and I have been doing this a long
18
    time -- in no way clears the path for you to get
19
    summary judgment exhibits in evidence.
20
               Mr. Radbil, you should know that as a
21
    practicing attorney. So what we're talking about
2.2
    here is a letter that you tell me is
23
    self-authenticating, but you're going to have to
2.4
    provide me some authority that establishes that,
25
    because basically it is a hearsay document.
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MR. RADBIL: Well, it's a statement
 1
 2
    against their interest in this case because they are
 3
    advocating for a position which is directly contrary
 4
    to their --
 5
              THE COURT: The question would be, how do
 6
    you plan to authenticate that?
 7
              MR. RADBIL: I don't know what the best
 8
    and most efficient way to do it is. I know it can
 9
    be done and can we just reserve objections at the
10
    time of --
1 1
              THE COURT: No, we will figure this out
12
    this afternoon. It is hearsay, and we have to
13
    figure out a way you can offer it as an exception to
14
    the hearsay rule.
15
              MR. RADBIL: It's a public record. Excuse
16
    me.
17
              THE COURT: I don't know if it's an
18
    admission. I don't know if 23 it's a declaration
19
    against interest, I don't know, but it's hearsay.
20
    So we will talk about that more in a few minutes.
21
              Let's go to the last couple of exhibits.
22
    Ms. Malone, that would be Plaintiff's Exhibit 12 and
23
    Plaintiff's Exhibit 16. Let's take those up if we
2.4
    could.
25
              MS. MALONE: Your Honor, Plaintiff's
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Exhibit 12 is very similar to the FCC ruling. It is
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 2
    a Texas document, and I don't think he has properly
    authenticated it under the hearsay rule. There are
    exceptions, but you have to do a seal and a
    certification for a state agency, and that has not
    been done in this case. It is also irrelevant, Your
            It is at a different time period than what
 7
 8
    was the relevant time period in question. But my
9
    biggest problem is failure to authenticate a hearsay
10
    document.
11
              THE COURT: Mr. Radbil, what exactly does
12
    this document do? What is the content?
              MR. RADBIL: It's a public record from the
13
    Public Utilities Commission of Texas. It's called
14
15
    an ADAD report. Texas has a statute that regulates
    the using of automatic dial announcing devices,
17
    which is defined very similarly to the definition of
18
    an automatic telephone dialing system under the
19
    federal statute at issue.
20
              THE COURT: What does this letter say?
21
              MR. RADBIL: This letter shows that Robert
2.2
    Wyatt applied for a permit and was granted a permit
23
    from -- it's not a letter, it's actually a report
    of -- it's a record of them having a permit to
24
25
    operate this dialer that constitutes an ADAD.
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And the courts have held and we cited
authority in our dispositive briefing, and in the
Court's order the Court noted that this evidence
does create a question of fact as to whether or not
the device they used qualifies under the TCPA
definition. Because if you are using something that
you need to be permitted under a very similar or
identical definition, which we have, and it's an
admission, it's a public record, it's a statement
against their interest.
          THE COURT: What does it admit?
         MR. RADBIL: That they -- that Robert F.
Wyatt, the corporate representative, applied for and
was granted a permit to operate an ADAD in the State
of Texas. It also lists their website as RAB,
Incorporated.
          THE COURT: Hang on. Hang on. How is it
relevant. What is it probative to?
         MR. RADBIL:
                       The question of whether the
device they used to call the plaintiff constitutes
an automatic telephone dialing system under the
TCPA.
          THE COURT: How does that document bear
upon that question?
          MR. RADBIL: Because this document shows
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that they were granted a permit to operate in ADAD,
 1
 2
    which is defined under Texas law in a very similar
 3
    manner to the federal definition of automatic
 4
    telephone dialing systems. The courts have held
 5
    that -- it's almost a state law analog of the TCPA.
 6
    It regulates slightly different conduct, but the
 7
    same technology.
 8
              THE COURT: So it doesn't bear upon the
 9
    actual technology that you are complaining about in
10
    this case?
11
              MR. RADBIL: Yes, I believe that it does.
12
              THE COURT: I thought you said it was a
13
    different --
14
              MR. RADBIL: No. The Texas statute
15
    regulates different conduct.
              THE COURT: So what this shows is they had
16
17
    a permit to do what you are complaining about?
              MR. RADBIL: No.
18
                                 It shows they had a
19
    permit to operate technology that satisfies the
20
    definition under the federal act, and that's one of
21
    the questions at issue.
2.2
              THE COURT: Okay. But I still don't know
23
    how it proves anything in your case.
2.4
              MR. RADBIL: It proves that the piece of
25
    technology they are using was required to be
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permitted under Texas law under a very similar
 1
 2
    definition as the definition of the automatic
 3
    telephone dialing system under the TCPA.
 4
               So if you are operating a device in one
 5
    state, in Texas, and you need a permit to do so, if
 6
    it satisfies the definition, then you get the
 7
    permit. He got the permit. And the -- permit, the
 8
    definition that requires you to apply for and obtain
9
    the permit is nearly identical to the definition.
10
               THE COURT: Nearly identical.
1 1
              MR. RADBIL: Um-hum.
12
              THE COURT: But it's not identical.
13
              MR. RADBIL: It's not identical.
               THE COURT: Let me hear from Ms. Malone
14
15
    again, and we will take a break in a few minutes and
16
    get back out.
17
              Ms. Malone.
18
              MS. MALONE: Your Honor, I disagree with
19
    him, because that would require an attorney to stand
20
    up and give a legal interpretation of the statute.
21
    But I'm just doing basic Rules of Evidence here.
2.2
    And if you look under the Federal Rules of 803 for a
23
    hearsay objection, the exception for public record,
2.4
    these two documents, neither one, meet the
2.5
    definition.
                  There's no authenticity, and it doesn't
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set out anything that would be admissible as a
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 2
    hearsay exception. So even before we get into what
 3
    it proves, he still has an obligation to lay the
 4
    predicate to offer a document. And he hasn't done
 5
    that for these two.
 6
              THE COURT: When you say, these two, we
 7
    are talking about Plaintiff's Exhibits 11 and 12.
 8
              MS. MALONE: Yes, ma'am.
 9
              THE COURT: Let's talk about 16 and 17,
10
    and then we will take a break.
              Ms. Malone.
1 1
12
              MS. MALONE: 17, Your Honor, we solved the
13
    problem. He gave a different document number in his
14
    description, but he gave me today his exhibit, and
15
    so no problem.
16
              THE COURT: Okay. So the exhibit --
17
              MS. MALONE: So that one is fixed.
18
              THE COURT: 17 is what actually --
19
              MS. MALONE: It actually turned out to be
20
    a letter. The reference he gave to us was not the
21
    same thing, so. . .
22
              THE COURT: And the correct reference
23
    would be . . .
24
              MS. MALONE: Well --
25
              THE COURT: That's all right. That's all
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right. It's another agreement you agree to.
 1
 2
              MS. MALONE: Yes, ma'am.
 3
              THE COURT: 16.
 4
              MS. MALONE: 16, we did object to the
 5
    telephone, Mr. White's cell phone bill. And I think
 6
    I could probably continue to object to it as being a
 7
    hearsay document. But as a matter of ease, my
 8
    biggest problem with it is, because we put it as a
 9
    potential exhibit, is because it has these dark
10
    lines that appear every three or four sections, and
    I can't read it.
11
12
              And Mr. Radbil said he would try to get
13
    the original scanned in and see if he could get me a
14
    better copy. If he could get me a better copy,
15
    Judge, I will agree to that document.
16
              THE COURT: Mr. Radbil.
17
              MR. RADBIL: I think the copy is
    sufficiently legible. I agree it's not perfect.
18
19
              THE COURT: Did you tell her you would try
20
    to get her a better copy? Will you be able to do
21
    that?
22
              MR. RADBIL: I don't know if I can get a
23
    copy that will satisfy her standards, but I will do
2.4
    my best to get the best copy that we can.
25
              THE COURT: When will you be able to do
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that? 1 2 MR. RADBIL: This evening. 3 THE COURT: Let's take about a ten-minute 4 break. 5 (Recess taken from 3:28 to 3:59.) 6 THE COURT: Sorry to keep you waiting. 7 All right. Let's go back to the -- you can take a 8 seat, Mr. Radbil, until I need you. Unless you're 9 standing up to tell me you all have settled the 10 case. That's not why you were standing up? MR. RADBIL: No, Your Honor. 11 12 THE COURT: Okay. Let's go back to where 13 we left off, and that was document 76. 14 Let me back up. With regard to granting 15 the Emergency Motion to Quash, document 99 in the docket, I grant document 100 because I believe, as 16 17 you mentioned, it was refiled. Okay. 18 Did you have anything else, Ms. Malone, on 19 the exhibits, if you want to reiterate anything 20 before I go ahead and ask Mr. Radbil a few more 21 questions and we resolve this? 2.2 MS. MALONE: Sure, Your Honor. We were 23 talking about 803. I just flipped through to the Federal Rule 902, which is the self-authenticating 2.4 25 rule, and these documents simply do not meet any of

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the criteria set forth. I think that you and I are on the same page, but I wanted to make sure that you understood what I was talking about, the 803 exception, I was incorporating the lack of indicia that's required under 902. THE COURT: All right. Let's go back for a minute, and let's talk about the website. Clearly, if there's any question about it, Mr. Radbil, there should be none, and that is that the Court -- the Court's rulings on summary judgment evidence are in no way binding on the Court as far as trial exhibits. Rule 56 pretty much sets that out, but there are myriad cases on this. So I just want to be sure that, as you say that, you may bring that up as a factor for the Court to consider, but the Court's ruling on summary judgment in no way predicts what is admissible at trial; many different considerations for trial evidence. So when we are talking about the website, then, the website is something that was brought up on summary judgment. Looking at it from this context, who was going to be the one to testify about this website? Who was the sponsoring witness?

MR. RADBIL:

Robert F. Wyatt, the

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1
    corporate representative.
 2
              THE COURT: You were going to call him?
 3
              MR. RADBIL: Yes.
 4
              THE COURT: Okay. As a witness in your
 5
    case?
 6
              MR. RADBIL: Yes.
 7
              THE COURT: And I'm assuming he is going
 8
    to be here?
 9
              MS. MALONE: Yes, ma'am.
10
              THE COURT: I'm going to overrule the
11
    objection to the website. This is something that's
12
    been here in the case. This is -- again, we're not
13
    talking about something that's five or ten years
14
    removed, it's basically how the corporation is
15
    projecting itself out there in the general public.
16
              I think as far as authentication, what we
17
    are talking about is reliability. And I think that
18
    if a person can testify, either the plaintiff
19
    himself or this defendant witness that the plaintiff
    is planning to call, sufficiently circumstantially
20
21
    to establish that this is exactly how the
2.2
    corporation has been presenting itself, at least in
23
    part in regard to the issues underlying this case,
    that it's admissible as an admission.
2.4
25
              So I am not going to rule that out.
                                                    You
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will have to late predicate, Mr. Radbil. Okay? 1 2 MR. RADBIL: Yes, Your Honor. 3 THE COURT: Okay. All right. Talking, 4 then, about Exhibit 11, which is this letter. 5 seems to me that, if anything, this would be admissible for impeachment. I don't see how it 6 comes in in your case in chief, Mr. Radbil. Maybe 7 8 you can offer a few more comments on this, but . . . 9 MR. RADBIL: In terms of relevance or in 10 terms of authenticity? 11 THE COURT: Both. 12 MR. RADBIL: I think it can be 13 authenticated by the corporate representative 14 because it was a letter that was sent in the normal 15 course and scope of their business containing admissions so that the corporate representative 16 17 would have knowledge of this correspondence and be 18 able to authenticate it. Because it was, again, 19 sent in the form in a capacity by Robert Pugh, the 20 vice president. 21 And in terms of relevance, the point of 2.2 the letter is to prompt the FCC to rule that debt 23 collection calls are excluded and for the reason 2.4 that they use -- excluded from the TCPA for the 25 reason that it would hurt their profits, et cetera.

It shows that they have an interest in using --1 2 well, first, it admits that they use predictive 3 dialers, as does their website. 4 If I may raise a side point, Your Honor. 5 THE COURT: No, don't raise a side point. 6 Here's what we are going to do with this. Assuming 7 you can authenticate this letter by your corporate 8 representative from the defense that this is, in 9 fact, something that came from them sufficiently 10 circumstantially and assuming the witness is 1 1 testifying truthfully, as he is required to do so, 12 then I will admit it. 13 I guess what I'm saying here is, it's not 14 admitted, it's just that the objection to preclude it from even being considered or used is overruled. 15 And that would be, then, defendant's objections as 16 to Exhibit 10 are overruled and as to Exhibit 11 are 17 18 overruled. 19 Now, so far as 12, let me hear your 20 argument on this one again. 21 MR. RADBIL: So the ADAD report is a 2.2 public record of a permit that Robert F. Wyatt 23 personally applied for, and he testified about it, I 2.4 believe. So this could be authenticated through 25 him.

And the ADAD report is relevant to show 1 2 that the technology qualifies under the 3 definition -- under the federal definition, because the state act contains the similar definition. 5 the overlapping portions of the definition, stored 6 and dialed numbers, I think is enough. I think that 7 they have actually admitted in the pretrial order 8 that an automatic telephone dialing system had been 9 used in this case. 10 THE COURT: The pretrial order hasn't been 11 signed or relied upon yet. So let's say this: With 12 regard to this document, as I understand it, this is 13 to show this auto dialing system is part of what you 14 are saying they violated in this case, correct? 15 MR. RADBIL: Yes. 16 THE COURT: And this shows that they were 17 at least aware of the laws surrounding the use of 18 the auto dialer system, because it wasn't a letter 19 telling them they couldn't use it or that they -- it 20 just addresses that they had some knowledge of this 21 system. 2.2 MR. RADBIL: It shows that they knew their 23 technology qualified under the state definition and 2.4 that they needed to be permitted. 25 THE COURT: Okay. I gotcha.

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MS. MALONE: Your Honor, two things: First, this is not a document created by RAB or Mr. Wyatt or anything else. This is a document that simply says that they had have an ADAD policy. There is a big dispute in the industry about whether or not the ADAD statute even meets the definition of the TCPA. I know that in the summary judgment we both cited different standards on that, but the definition of the ADAD is not the same as the TCPA. So unfortunately, you can have a dialer that does not meet the definition of an auto dialer under the TCPA. And for him to say that we have taken something that my client did out of caution, which is what Mr. Wyatt testified to, he said, I decided it was just safer to get it than not, even though I didn't think we meet this definition, so he wouldn't get in trouble with the State of Texas and then somehow convert that into, well, that means you meet the definition of the federal statute. THE COURT: On Plaintiff's Exhibit 12, I'm not going to say that it's forever ruled out, but I'm going to say this: That it cannot be discussed, addressed, or even mentioned without approaching the bench, because I think that defense counsel makes a

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good point on this. And I'm not sure if it's not
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    more confusing than it is probative, and I'm not
 2
    100 percent sure that there's much probative value
 3
    to it at all. So that's that on that one. Just
 5
    remember you cannot mention it without approaching
 6
    the bench. We are off that topic.
 7
              Let's move on to the next one, and that's
 8
    Exhibit 16. Have you resolved it as far as the
9
    banner or the label to --
10
              MS. MALONE: He said he was trying to get
    it -- I don't think he's had a chance to do that
1 1
12
    yet.
13
              THE COURT: Other than that point, is
14
    there another objection that you had to it?
              MS. MALONE: I had one, but I will
15
16
    withdraw it.
17
              THE COURT: Again, none of these are
18
    automatically admissible. They all have to be
19
    authenticated. But I'm going to overrule
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    plaintiff's exhibit objection as -- defense
21
    objection to Plaintiff's Exhibit 16 is overruled.
22
              It's not automatically admitted. It still
23
    has to have a predicate for its authenticity and
2.4
    admissibility, but you can attempt to do that.
25
              Does that take care of document 76, the
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defense objections, then? And I think they were
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    both to witnesses and exhibits.
 3
              MS. MALONE: Yes, ma'am, that also takes
    care of 105 and 106 --
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 5
              THE COURT: Great.
 6
              MS. MALONE: -- which were just
 7
    regurgitations.
 8
               THE COURT: We have to go back to the
 9
    issue of the recordings. And I was looking back at
10
    that in the summary judgment order and the -- the --
1 1
    again, we start off with this idea that the fact
12
    that the Court considered part of these recordings
13
    in finding a genuine fact issue do not in any way
14
    render them admissible or even a presumption that
15
    they are admissible at trial.
               I think that the -- to the extent they are
16
17
    prefatory comments, that those comments are going to
18
    have to be taken off or out of the recording, I
19
    would agree with defense counsel on that. So far as
    them being inadmissible hearsay, is that part of the
20
21
    objection as, well?
              MS. MALONE: Yes, ma'am.
2.2
23
               THE COURT: Here's my position on that.
2.4
    The rule from 801(d) that permits admissions by a
25
    party opponent would technically cover recordings
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and that type of thing that were sponsored by a 1 2 defendant corporation or phone calls. 3 There has to be some indication that these 4 type of phone calls can be imputed, at least, to 5 have been undertaken by agents of the corporation. 6 And then I think they would probably be admissible 7 at least as admissions. 8 And so I guess the guestion is -- and 9 Ms. Malone, I don't think he's got to -- he's 10 limited to phone calls by officers and controlling 1 1 parties. I think if they're calling on debt 12 collection on behalf of a debt collection defendant, 13 that as long as that can be circumstantially at least qualified and quantified, that it's not ruled 14 15 out as an admission. 16 MS. MALONE: That's not my problem. 17 is a good objection. I probably should make it at 18 trial, but let me focus the Court's attention on the 19 part that I really have a problem with. 20 The latter part of the recording, there 21 are some electronic messages that I think are a 2.2 voicemail envelope for Mr. White's system. My 23 client does not leave electronic messages. So I don't think that could be an admission against us 2.4 25 when Mr. Wyatt, my client -- their names are very

similar, Judge, and I think that's going to be 1 2 confusing to us. 3 Mr. Wyatt testified that they never leave 4 electronic messages. Dr. White had a voicemail that he could access from his work. That envelope says, 5 6 press 1, press 3, press 7. And Mr. Radbil is 7 arguing that is a message we left, and we're saying, 8 no, we didn't. We don't leave messages like that. 9 So I don't know if you want to separate those out so 10 that we can address them in a different way. 11 THE COURT: Let's make sure Mr. Radbil 12 intends to present those. 13 Mr. Radbil. 14 MR. RADBIL: Yeah, because liability has 15 been decided under the D6 and the 11 claims under 16 the FDCPA which relate to leaving messages or 17 communications without identifying a meaningful 18 disclosure of caller's identity or stating that the 19 caller --20 THE COURT: She's saying they didn't do 21 it, it's not them. 2.2 MR. RADBIL: Right. So one of the fact 23 questions identified in the summary judgment order 2.4 was whether or not this prerecorded message came 25 from some transition or came from the defendant.

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Our argument is it clearly came from the defendant,
 1
 2
    so. . .
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              THE COURT: I think it's a fact question.
 4
    It's an interesting fact question. And perhaps over
 5
    the next five or ten years these kinds of things
 6
    will be resolved in these cases because they are
 7
    relatively new, but I think it's a fact question.
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    So I'm going to overrule the objection to that -- of
9
    the defense as to that, and I believe that is
10
    Plaintiff's Exhibit 8.
11
              Again, these are not automatically
12
    admissible, Mr. Radbil.
              MR. RADBIL: I understand, Your Honor.
13
14
              THE COURT: All right. Does that take
15
    care, of then, I think it does, document 76 and as
16
    you mentioned 105.
17
              MS. MALONE: Yes, ma'am, and 106.
18
              THE COURT: And 106. Okay. All right.
19
    The next thing I have is, I believe it's going to be
20
    documents 80 and 83. Let me locate those.
21
    motions in limine. Both sides have submitted
2.2
    motions in limine.
23
              Plaintiff's motion in limine is document
2.4
    83. Defendants have responded to that in Doc 91.
25
    And then the defendants have a motion in limine in
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80. So let's take up the plaintiff's first, and I'm 1 2 assuming that if some of these are boilerplate then 3 we won't have objections to them. 4 Mr. Radbil. 5 MR. RADBIL: Thank you. Number 1 is 6 fairly boilerplate. I think we all agree that no 7 experts have been designated. So I think that to 8 the extent that testimony borders on expert, it's 9 proper to make an objection to that testimony at 10 trial. THE COURT: Ms. Malone. 11 12 MS. MALONE: Your Honor, the problem is 13 that I tried to clarify this with Mr. Radbil. 14 client is in an industry that talks about computer 15 systems and account notes and dialers and what have 16 you. I don't think that's expert testimony, but I 17 could not get a clarification from Mr. Radbil if he 18 was going to be objecting to that as expert 19 testimony when they are simply explaining how their 20 business works. 21 THE COURT: Mr. Radbil. 22 MR. RADBIL: If he is testifying about 23 what the dialer does and how it operates based on 2.4 his day-to-day employment and use of it, that is, I 25 think, okay. If he goes further and tries to

qualify it affirmatively or negatively --1 2 THE COURT: Give me an example. 3 MR. RADBIL: It does not meet the 4 statutory definition because of A, B, C, D. 5 would be something that would be expert testimony, 6 and he would need to be designated. 7 If he says, we put the numbers in and it 8 spins around and it dials 1,000 numbers and connects 9 the call to whoever and then re-routes this 10 somewhere else, I know this because I teach people 1 1 how to use the dialer, that's how it works. I think 12 he can testify about that. But when it comes to 13 having him draw a conclusion on the ultimate issue 14 of whether it satisfies the statutory definition, 15 based on things that are beyond the lay person's knowledge or ability to understand, I think that 16 17 crosses the line. 18 THE COURT: Ms. Malone. 19 MS. MALONE: The problem, Judge, is it is 20 Mr. Radbil's obligation to show that that dialer 21 meets the definition. He's going to be asking 2.2 Mr. Wyatt those very questions because he has to 23 prove the dialer meets it. Once he does that, I 2.4 think he opens the door for him to say anything if 25 he were going to. It's his duty to show the dialer

meets the TCPA definition. 1 2 THE COURT: So far as I have heard right 3 now, if that's the problem you are having, 4 Mr. Radbil, I overrule the objection. I think in 5 good faith both sides have addressed this issue of 6 expert witnesses or lack thereof. But I agree, from what I have heard so far, it goes to the very core 7 8 of what your client is accusing them of doing. right now I overrule the objection. Let's move on 9 10 to the next one. 11 MR. RADBIL: So can I clarify the 12 overruling? 13 THE COURT: Mr. Radbil, I have no 14 prediction on exactly what the testimony is going to 15 be. 16 MR. RADBIL: Okay. 17 THE COURT: So if you're asking me to predict what exactly specifically is going to be 18 19 allowed and what is not, I can't do that. 20 what -- I think he -- the people that you have 21 accused in this case and taken through this case 2.2 since 2011 have a right to defend themselves on the 23 accusations you are accusing them of. 2.4 I don't know exactly what that will 25 involve, but I would certainly guess that it's

beyond the scope of a man on the street of this 1 2 telerecording equipment. I don't know how far that 3 goes, so I don't know how to clarify it further. think we have covered this topic, and I want to move 5 on to the next one. And that is excluding attempts, 6 as the plaintiff has described them, by defense to 7 force plaintiff into a self-diagnosis. 8 What exactly are you talking about? 9 MR. RADBIL: So we had an issue or an 10 episode during the deposition Dr. White where the 1 1 questions, in our point of view, attempted to elicit 12 a differential self-diagnosis, which Dr. White 13 cannot ethically make of himself. 14 So the DSM was involved, and questions 15 were asked such as: So you are not saying you fall 16 into the category of this, this, or this. And of 17 course, because he can't ethically diagnosis 18 himself, we don't want that same type of thing to 19 happen at trial. 20 THE COURT: He's going to talk a lot about 21 how he suffered emotionally from this; is that 2.2 correct? 23 MR. RADBIL: He will. 2.4 THE COURT: And what you're trying to 25 avoid is them pigeonholing him into some sort of

1 categorizing him under the DSM? 2 MR. RADBIL: Or using a differential 3 attempt to say it couldn't be that bad because it 4 doesn't rise to the level of DSM, because he cannot 5 say whether it does or does not because it's 6 unethical for him to do so. 7 MS. MALONE: Judge, that's not exactly 8 what happened in the deposition. Mr. Radbil 9 elicited testimony from his client that he met 10 certain particular definitions, including a panic 11 attack. 12 What I did was said: You're not allowed 13 to give a diagnosis, isn't that right, Doctor? 14 fact, I was doing the exact opposite of what he's 15 saying. I was saying, you can't give a diagnosis. 16 I anticipate, Judge, if he gets on the 17 stand and starts testifying about those issues, 18 that, in the DSM there is a specific section that 19 talks about stressors that you would consider that 20 would cause people's mental anguish, I think that 21 should be fair game to ask him, are these other 2.2 things that could be a cause of your mental anguish? 23 He has a long-term illness, that certainly is one 2.4 that is a life-stressor. 25 I think it's fair game for me to talk to

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him about the fact that -- about the fact that he has what we might not consider lifetime stressors under the DSM, if you move, you get married, you have a child, those are all good things, but those are also stressors that cause people to have mental anguish. THE COURT: Why are we incorporating the DSM into this at all? MS. MALONE: He was having his client specify about mental anguish and panic attacks which fall under the DSM, and his client is a licensed professional counselor. And the problem I have, Judge, he is going to get him on the stand and have him testify he has a Ph.D in psychology and is a licensed professional counselor, and when he says mental anguish, that's different than an accountant saying this. THE COURT: Mr. Radbil, anything else? MR. RADBIL: Yes. This is a very serious issue, because I thought what happened at the deposition was very bad. It put my client in a very compromising position. He can testify about the facts of his mental anguish, but I don't want him to be put in a position where he is forced to choose between making an unethical self-diagnosis,

differential or otherwise, and conceding implicitly 1 2 that it may not be that bad. Because in this case, 3 my client has suffered actual damages, and that's why I think you know we had trouble settling the 5 case because they are legitimate, but he has to 6 testify about them, but he cannot diagnose himself. THE COURT: Sounds to me like he is enough 7 8 of an expert and an educated man in this particular 9 area that he can't be surprised or hoodwinked into 10 giving an answer that's negative towards him because 11 he can just answer that he doesn't know the answer. 12 He's not qualified to answer that in the particular 13 context of the way the question is being asked. 14 I don't see the problem. 15 I mean, if you're talking about -- what normally happens in this area, objecting to 16 17 cross-examining on pain and suffering, is of 18 specific instances, inflammatory-type instances, 19 like domestic abuse or something like that are 20 brought up. And that's the kind of thing that I 21 would say you approach the bench. But if you are 2.2 talking about trying not to corner him in an area 23 that he's already somewhat knowledgeable about, I 2.4 don't see -- I would overrule that objection. 25 MR. RADBIL: Don't you need an expert to

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testify about the DSM in the first instance?
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              THE COURT: Mr. Radbil, it depends on what
 3
    your client, the accuser here, says about them.
    He's brought everybody here, and he can't use his
 5
    condition as a sword and a shield. He's, as far as
 6
    I can determine from what I have heard, absolutely
 7
    these areas are fair game because you're asking them
 8
    to pay for his pain and suffering. So I don't see
9
    the problem. I overrule the objection, and I
10
    overrule -- I will not grant that motion in limine,
11
    that particular one which is number 3, I believe.
12
    Yes.
13
              MS. MALONE: Two.
14
              THE COURT: Number 2, sorry. We're just
15
    moving to 3.
16
              MR. RADBIL: So then they would be
17
    permitted to attempt to do something unethical?
18
              THE COURT: Mr. Radbil, I really don't
19
    understand where you're coming from in much of your
20
    strategy here. I have no idea why you're asking or
21
    making that kind of a statement. It's ridiculous,
2.2
    as far as I can see, as are some of the other things
23
    that you have said this afternoon.
2.4
              But the answer is, your client brought
25
    everybody here. He is going to be subject to
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cross-examination about his pain and suffering
 1
 2
    because he's specifically trying to get money
 3
    damages from the defendants for that very reason.
 4
    That's it.
 5
              If you are talking about specific
 6
    instances -- that's not what you have raised, but if
 7
    we are, that's a different matter. We're talking
 8
    about him trying to explain his mental condition as
9
    best he can, I deny the motion in limine.
10
              Let's move on to the next one. That's 3.
11
              Could you explain this one, please?
12
              MR. RADBIL: This is fairly boilerplate.
13
    It deals with general conclusory statements about
14
    how things generally are.
              THE COURT: I would overrule that, because
15
    it's more appropriately the topic of a specific
16
17
    objection.
18
              MR. RADBIL: I agree.
19
              THE COURT: I don't think I could make a
20
    specific ruling on that. Overruled.
21
              And the same with number 4. Personal
2.2
    knowledge is obviously required under the Federal
23
    Rules of Evidence. There are certain exceptions to
2.4
    that, but I'm not going to make a blanket ruling.
25
    That really is more appropriate for a specific
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1 objection. So 4 is overruled. 2 Anybody can file a lawsuit. That 3 obviously would be inappropriate argument, and that's number 5 so I would grant that. 5 The date or circumstances under which the 6 plaintiff employed his attorneys, I don't know why 7 that would be relevant. Ms. Malone? 8 MS. MALONE: The problem with that, Your 9 Honor, is twofold: One is, in his petition, he 10 alleged that we contacted his client when they were retained by counsel. It's not how he employed them, 11 12 it's the date that matters to me. 13 The second thing is that we know that he 14 was having communication with his attorney by their 15 cell phone records instead of solving his problem, 16 which I think goes sort of to the mitigation issue 17 on resolving this debt which would have solved some 18 of his concerns, and that's really what it is. It's 19 the date not so much the manner. 20 THE COURT: I will grant that motion. 21 Approach the bench if you think it's an appropriate 2.2 item for discussion. And I will also grant number 7 23 for basically the same reasons. Approach the bench if there is something with regard to the underlying 2.4 25 lawsuit and the attorney's conduct that is somehow

appropriate, and it's not appropriate without 1 2 approaching the bench. 3 MS. MALONE: If I could, just so you know, 4 these were related to if he was going to offer 5 expert testimony on attorney's fees. That was what 6 I was concerned in our response about. We are not 7 going to bring it up otherwise. 8 THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. Contingency 9 I think I would grant that as well. fee basis. 10 I think that takes care of most of that until we get 11 to page 8, is that right, Mr. Radbil? 12 MR. RADBIL: Yes, Your Honor, I believe 13 SO. 14 THE COURT: Okay. Number 9. I'm not 15 going to permit questions by the individual counsel 16 or voir dire by the individual counsel during the 17 jury selection. I'm going to go ahead and handle 18 the jury selection myself, ask questions that you 19 have submitted to me, maybe not all of them, but 20 some of them. So I don't know where that would --21 that particular point would arise. So I will 2.2 certainly question them about it if they have issues 23 with regard to damages. But otherwise, I would 2.4 overrule it because it's not going to be pertinent 25 to the jury selection in this case.

Okay. Number 10 seems a bit general. 1 Ιs 2 there anything else on that one, Mr. Radbil? 3 MR. RADBIL: No, so long as 8 was granted, 4 10 is taken care of. 5 THE COURT: I don't really understand what 6 you are asking for here in number 10. I don't plan I plan to submit 7 to submit special issues. 8 questions that ask the jury if you have proven your 9 case by a preponderance of the evidence. Okay? All 10 right. 11 MR. RADBIL: All right. 12 THE COURT: So that would be overruled; 13 granted in part and denied in part, that would be document 83. I would now like to hear from the 14 15 defense on their motion in limine and, again, 16 hopefully we can get through some of this because we 17 have already discussed it or it's been -- it's 18 boilerplate. 19 MS. MALONE: Judge, actually, it's not 20 boilerplate, but we have actually covered it through 21 the rulings that you have made on the exhibits and 2.2 witness list. The only thing in our motion in 23 limine had to do with the admissibility of witnesses 2.4 or exhibits, so I think you've already covered 25 everything.

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THE COURT: Okay. Let me look through it real quick. Obviously both sides understand not to bring up anything with regard to attorney's fees. If the plaintiff prevails in this case, then attorney's fees are allowed. The Court will determine attorney's fees, not the jury. Mr. Radbil, do you have any questions about the defense motion in limine based upon what Ms. Malone has said, that she believes the Court has 10 resolved it? MR. RADBIL: Only to the extent that the defense is claiming that we have waived any right to seek attorney's fees under the Texas Act where liability has also been determined, but because we elect for Your Honor to decide after trial . THE COURT: Again, I think the Court will decide attorney's fees regardless, so I don't know that that -- Ms. Malone. MS. MALONE: Well, Your Honor, unfortunately the Texas statute is, under Texas common state law, does require the plaintiff to prove up attorney's fees and get a jury finding. 23 I've had federal judges go both ways on 2.4 it, in all candor to you. But the truth of the matter is, if he doesn't prove actual damages under

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the Texas statute, he never gets there anyway
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 2
    because there is no statutory award.
              THE COURT: Mr. Radbil, you've indicated
 3
 4
    that you've elected for the Court to determine
 5
    attorney's fees in any event?
 6
              MR. RADBIL: Yes.
 7
              THE COURT: Okay. All right. So I don't
 8
    think that's an issue.
9
              Okay. I think that's 83. 80 -- let's
10
    see. I still have document, 99 and 100, let me make
11
    sure --
12
              MS. MALONE: That's the motion to quash,
13
    Judge.
14
              THE COURT: Yes. Okay. Thank you.
    knew 100 sounded familiar. 99 is also the emergency
15
    motion to quash. Okay. All right.
16
17
              What I normally do is have the lawyers
    agree to preadmit certain exhibits. Have you all
18
19
    had any discussion about preadmission of exhibits?
20
              MS. MALONE: I tried before, but I think
21
    some of them are the same for us, so I think we
22
    probably could do that pretty quickly.
23
              THE COURT: If you all will address that
2.4
    before we start up tomorrow and before we actually
25
    begin the testimony before the jury, if we could
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have -- what I do as a practice is have plaintiff's 1 counsel indicate what, if any, of defense numbered 2 exhibits they agree to preadmit, and I have defense agree on the record as to those of plaintiff's they 5 can agree to preadmit. No one is forcing you to agree to preadmit. I normally have agreement to 70 to 80 to 90 percent, but it's your choice on that, 7 8 and it does help move things along. So that's what we will talk about when you get here tomorrow. 9 10 I'm not going to actually start the jury selection until 10. I would like you to be here by 12 9:30 so we can talk about any additional issues that 13 might come up. As I mentioned, I plan to do the 14 voir dire. I believe I have questions from both of 15 you. MR. RADBIL: We did not submit questions, 17 Your Honor. 18 THE COURT: If you want to bring some 19 tomorrow for the Court to address, I can't promise 20 you I will ask all of them. Here's what we do: 21 will give a general jury selection. I will ask your 2.2 questions. I will go over general issues with the jury. If anyone has a problem with anything -- and 2.4 I'm sure we will have people who have issues, we 25 will talk about debt collection practices and that

1 kind of thing, generally -- we will make note of 2 those people that may have to talk to us.

1 1

2.2

2.4

In this day and age, there are a lot of people who have issues with that, and we will bring them up separately one by one and you will get a chance to ask them individual questions if you think they are not qualified. But we won't do it on the general jury panel.

So I will do the voir dire. We will see who has questions. We will send them out into the hall and bring them back in one by one. If there is something particular on the jury information sheets that you get and you want to ask some specific questions to, I may permit you to do that as long as we don't go overboard. So you get a chance to ask, I think, what you want to ask. All right.

Generally it's a formal atmosphere in here. Please make sure that your clients and anyone associated with you know to stay clear of the jury, no amenities, no hellos, no good mornings, and I will tell them that as well.

It will be a jury of seven out of a panel in play, we will probably have about 25 or so people here, but the actual number in play at any given time is 13. So with three strikes each and a jury

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of seven, that's what you're looking at. It doesn't
 1
    mean we won't ask the other people questions, but
 2
 3
    just so you know, you each get three strikes and to
    land with a jury of seven.
 5
              We will go from eight to five. As I
 6
    understand it, there's not anticipation that this
    case will last longer than this week. Is that
 7
 8
    correct, Mr. Radbil?
 9
              MR. RADBIL: Correct.
10
              MS. MALONE: It should be finished
11
    tomorrow, Judge, but -- no later than Wednesday.
12
              THE COURT: Okay. All right. And I will
13
    put the liability and damages section -- I mean, I
14
    will combine those. I often bifurcate the cases,
    but I will not do that in this case.
15
              So we will start, other than tomorrow, 9
16
    to 5, with a break for lunch an hour and 15 minutes,
17
18
    somewhere between a 15- and 20-minute break in the
19
    morning and afternoon.
20
              Those are generally the instructions.
21
    will talk more specifically tomorrow. I will have
2.2
    you question the witnesses from the lectern. Please
23
    ask to approach the witness if you need to approach
2.4
    them. Any preadmitted exhibits can be referred to
25
    without any kind of predicate obviously.
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Do you have any specific questions, 1 2 Mr. Radbil? 3 MR. RADBIL: Yes. Regarding procedure for 4 nonpreadmitted exhibits, how would you like those 5 offered? 6 THE COURT: Just lay your predicate --7 assuming it's not one that's been ruled out or 8 mentioned, lay your predicate and offer it, and we 9 will find out if there's an objection and I will 10 make a ruling. 11 MR. RADBIL: As far as publishing exhibits 12 to the jury. 13 THE COURT: You can publish your exhibits. 14 Here's the problem with publishing. If you publish 15 them right before you turn the witness over to the 16 other side, I won't make her start nor will I make 17 you start until the jury has looked at them, because 18 it's distracting. I wouldn't publish it while 19 you're talking because they are looking at the 20 exhibits and not listening to you. So you can 21 publish them with permission of the Court, but, 2.2 again, if it's right before the other side gets it, 23 I'm going to let them look at it before she has to 2.4 ask questions. 25 MR. RADBIL: The specific concern I had

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was the account notes. When I question Mr. Wyatt,
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 2
    the corporate representative, I would like to have
 3
    those exhibited so we can point to precise entries
    on those account notes because they are fairly
    detailed.
 5
 6
              THE COURT: Do you have some kind of
    device to pull the exhibits up?
 7
 8
              MR. RADBIL: No, but I can bring in a
 9
    projector.
10
              THE COURT: Well, if you publish the
11
    exhibit, there's only going to be one, so I'm not
12
    sure how you will refer specifically. I usually
13
    admonish the jury that, if they can't see a exhibit
14
    discussed, that they will get the exhibits back in
15
    the jury room. If you have some ability to use an
16
    elmo or something, you can use that to try to
17
    explain it to them as you go.
18
              MR. RADBIL: Okay.
19
              THE COURT: All right. Anything else?
20
              MR. RADBIL: Questioning strictly from the
21
    lectern, which will be here?
              THE COURT: Yes.
2.2
23
              MR. RADBIL: And no wandering?
2.4
              THE COURT: No wandering. Any objections
25
    should be legal objections, not speaking objections.
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You both know what that means.
 1
 2
              MR. RADBIL: Could you clarify, please?
 3
              THE COURT: Don't object: Your Honor,
    this witness knows this isn't true because I told --
 5
    they told me last week during deposition, that kind
 6
    of thing. It's just hearsay or --
 7
              MR. RADBIL: Foundation.
              THE COURT: Yes. Ms. Malone?
 8
 9
              MS. MALONE: The only thing I have, Judge,
10
    is a simple housekeeping thing. When I was going
1 1
    through my exhibit binder for the Court and the
12
    extra one for the witness, I noticed that they had
13
    inadvertently put the back of a document on page 8.
14
    And I'm concerned that maybe they did the same thing
15
    with your exhibit binder. So I was -- just if you
16
    want, I could give you this one so you will know
17
    which one needs to be removed.
              THE COURT: That's fine. I don't have the
18
19
    binders in front of me.
20
              MS. MALONE: It's the last page on
21
    Exhibit 8. And it may not be on yours. It was just
2.2
    in the other one.
23
              THE COURT: You want to take a look at it,
    Mr. Radbil?
2.4
25
              MR. RADBIL:
                            I would.
                                      Is it a letter?
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MS. MALONE: It was a phone record, and
 1
 2
    this was inadvertently copied on the back of it.
 3
    It's not intended to be part of the exhibit.
 4
              MR. RADBIL: I think this is plaintiff's
 5
    12, right?
 6
              MS. MALONE: Probably, but it's not part
 7
    of my Exhibit 8. I'm trying to fix my exhibit.
 8
              MR. RADBIL: Oh, your binder.
 9
              MS. MALONE: Yes, not your binder.
10
              THE COURT: All right. Counsel, be sure
11
    to address the issue of preadmitted exhibits.
12
    Please be here by 9:30. Anything else?
13
              MS. MALONE: Anything about the charge you
14
    would like for us to try to address, Judge?
15
              THE COURT: Not this afternoon.
16
              MS. MALONE: I meant between us.
17
              THE COURT: Yes, if you all can come
18
    together on an agreed charge, that's the ultimate
19
    result that I would seek. So if you can get
20
    together today and even tomorrow on at least some
21
    proposal for an agreement. And again, I don't
2.2
    submit special issues in federal court. I don't
23
    submit interrogatories to the jury. It's simply
2.4
    going to be a discussion of the general rules of
25
    jury trials, burden of proof. We will show
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specifically what the cause of action is here, the elements of proof, and then a question as to whether or not the plaintiff has met his burden of proof of establishing liability as explained in the charge. That's generally what we are talking about. MR. RADBIL: So there really is no room for negotiation, it's going to be the elements and then the standard introduction? THE COURT: As opposed to? MR. RADBIL: Anything else. Seems like there's not much room for negotiation because it's going to be that standard. THE COURT: There's a lot of room for negotiation. What I mean by that is, if you can agree to a charge, that's great. If you can't, you can't, and we will have to go back to the drawing board and figure it out. I don't know what else to say. You think you can come to an agreement on the jury instructions? MS. MALONE: No. MR. RADBIL: If I understood your format correctly, the only discussion would be about the elements of the cause of action, which are, I think, pretty plainly established, not established by the evidence, but in the law.

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THE COURT: That's partially correct, but
 1
 2
    I can't speak for you as a lawyer because I don't
 3
    know. Lawyers always find issues in jury charges.
 4
    What I understand you to be asking me is probably
 5
    correct, yeah.
 6
              MR. RADBIL: Okav. Would vou please, Your
 7
    Honor, just one time tell me the format so I can be
 8
    absolutely clear?
 9
              THE COURT: The proposed jury
10
    instructions?
11
              MR. RADBIL: Yes.
12
              THE COURT: Do you have a copy of the
13
    Federal 5th Circuit --
14
              MR. RADBIL: Of course.
15
              THE COURT: -- instructions. Well, they
16
    are generally like that. And I don't know if I have
17
    anything I could give you to look at. Let me see.
18
    If you will wait a minute, I will see if I have any
19
    instructions. I don't have any Fair Debt Collection
20
    Practices jury instructions, but it would help to
21
    come to an agreement. Let me see if I can find
2.2
    something to give you, generally speaking.
23
              MR. RADBIL: Sure.
2.4
              MS. MALONE: Your Honor, in Mr. Radbil's
25
    proposed charge, he has these whole long sections
```

about the purpose of the FDCPA, that Congress set 1 2 out these individuals to be private attorney 3 generals. And it goes on and on about how evil debt collectors are, literally. That kind of comment is 5 what I typically have concerns about with regard to 6 him. 7 We have done a similar charge that was 8 submitted to Judge Furgeson. We actually didn't go 9 to trial, but we had worked out a similar charge. 10 And also I did one with Judge Hoyt that I think is 11 consistent in the Southern District. But I don't 12 think that Mr. Radbil necessarily agrees that the 13 Texas one is much more streamlined than what -- he 14 does a national practice; apparently they can do 15 other things in other states. 16 THE COURT: Okay. 17 MR. RADBIL: And I will respond by saying, I don't agree normally with the legal elements of 18 19 the claims that are stated in jury instructions 20 proposed by Ms. Malone. 21 And I agree that under Your Honor's format 2.2 none of the -- well, it seems like none of the 23 policy stuff would come in, it would just be basic, here are the elements of the cause of action after 2.4 25 the 5th Circuit Pattern Jury Charge and then simple

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1
    questions.
               THE COURT: Right. There would be no
 2
 3
    policy discussion in there. And if Ms. Malone has
    done them before for Judge Furgeson and Judge Hoyt
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 5
    on these particular areas of law, that's probably
 6
    going to be a lot more helpful to you than anything
 7
    I have done on another area. So I would rather not
 8
    confuse you by giving you something that would not
9
    be related to the underlying cause of action here.
10
               Anything else, Counsel? We will see you
    tomorrow at 9:30.
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12
                (Court in recess at 4:44 p.m.)
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2.4
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1 CERTIFICATE 2 I, Shawnie Archuleta, CCR/CRR, certify 3 that the foregoing is a transcript from the record of the proceedings in the foregoing entitled matter. 5 I further certify that the transcript fees format comply with those prescribed by the Court and 6 7 the Judicial Conference of the United States. 8 This 21st day of March 2013. 9 10 11 s/Shawnie Archuleta Shawnie Archuleta CCR No. 7533 12 Official Court Reporter The Northern District of Texas 13 Dallas Division 14 15 16 My CSR license expires: December 31, 2013 17 Business address: 1100 Commerce Street Dallas, TX 75242 18 Telephone Number: 214.753.2747 19 20 21 2.2 23 2.4 25